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## B. TECH

## (SEM-V) THEORY EXAMINATION 2020-21 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Time: 3 Hours
Total Marks: 100
Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.
SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.
$2 \times 10=20$

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | What are the advantages and disadvantages of digital signal processing? | 2 | 1 |
| b. | Distinguish between recursive and non-recursive structure used for the <br> realization of digital system. | 2 | 1 |
| c. | What are the differences between impulse invariant transformation and <br> bilinear transformation method? | 2 | 2 |
| d. | Explain the phenomenon of digital frequency transformation. | 2 | 2 |
| e. | What is Gibb's phenomenon in FIR filters? | 2 | 3 |
| f. | What is the dead band effect in digital filters? | 2 | 3 |
| g. | Explain the terms: (i)Ccomputations in one place, (ii) Bit reversal. | 2 | 4 |
| h. | Compute the 4-point DFT of the Following sequence x(n)=cos(n $\pi)$ using <br> linear transformation matrix. | 2 | 4 |
| i. | Explain the concept of multistage sampling rate conversion. | 2 | 5 |
| j. | Enlist the various features of digital signal prócessor. | 2 | 5 |

2. Attempt any three of the following:
$3 \times 10=30$

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. | Determine the coefficients of a continued-fraction expansion of $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{z})$; Also draw ladder realization structure of $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{z})$. $H(z)=\frac{2+8 z^{-1}+6 z^{-2}}{\left(1+8 z^{-1}+12 z^{-2}\right)}$ | 10 | 1 |
| b. | Use bilinear transformation to convert low pass filter $H(s)=\frac{1}{\left(1+1.41 s+s^{2}\right)}$ <br> into a high pass filter with pass band edge at 100 Hz and $\mathrm{Fs}_{\mathrm{s}}=1 \mathrm{kHz}$. | 10 | 2 |
| c. | Design a linear phase low pass digital filter if the desired frequency response is giving by $H_{d}\left(e^{j \omega}\right)= \begin{cases}e^{-j 3 \omega} & 0 \leq\|\omega\| \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{\pi}{2}<\|\omega\| \leq \pi\end{cases}$ <br> Using the bartlett window ànd choosing a suitable length of filter length M , find the impulse response and frequency response of designed filter. Determine the system function and difference equation. Also draw the linear phase structure of designed filter | 10 | 3 |
| d. | What are the advantages of FFT over DFT? Explain DIT. Derive the equation for DIT algorithm for $\mathrm{N}=8$ and draw the signal flow graph. | 10 | 4 |
| e. | Explain the process of multirate signal processing in detail. Also enlist the advantages of multirate signal processing. | 10 | 5 |

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## SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Obtain the direct form-I, direct form-II, cascade, and parallel form <br> realization of a given LTI system: <br> $\mathrm{y}(\mathrm{n})=-0.1 \mathrm{y}(\mathrm{n}-1)+0.72 \mathrm{y}(\mathrm{n}-2)+0.7 \mathrm{x}(\mathrm{n})-0.25 \mathrm{x}(\mathrm{n}-2)$ | 10 | 1 |
| b. | For $H(z)=1+2 z^{-1}-z^{-2}+3 z^{-3}+3 z^{-4}-z^{-5}+2 z^{-6}+z^{-7}$ <br> Draw the direct form and linear form FIR implementation. Also <br> compare the implementation. | 10 | 1 |

4. Attempt any one part of the following:

| a. | Compute the poles of an analog Chebyshev filter transfer function that satisfies the constraints: <br> Passband: $\quad 0.8 \leq\left\|H\left(e^{j \omega}\right)\right\| \leq 1 \quad\|\omega\| \leq 0.2 \pi$ <br> Stopband: $\quad\left\|H\left(e^{j \omega}\right)\right\| \leq 0.2 \quad 0.32 \pi \leq\|\omega\| \leq \pi$ <br> And determine $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{s})$ and hence obtain $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{z})$ using Bilinear transformation. Assume $\mathrm{T}=1 \mathrm{sec}$. | 10 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. | Design a digital low pass Butterworth IIR filter using impulse invariant method for the following specification. (assume $\mathrm{T}=1 \mathrm{sec}$ ) $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Passband: } & 0.8 \leq\left\|H\left(e^{j \omega}\right)\right\| \leq 1 \quad\|\omega\| \leq 0.2 \pi \\ \text { Stopband: } & \left\|H\left(e^{j \omega}\right)\right\| \leq 0.2 \quad 0.6 \pi \leq\|\omega\| \leq \pi \end{array}$ | 10 | 2 |
|  | Attempt any one part of the following: |  |  |
| a. | Design a low pass digital filter using Kaiser window satisfying the specifications given below: <br> Passband cutoff frequency $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{p}}=150 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Stopband cutoff frequency $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{s}}=250 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Sampling frequency $\mathrm{F}_{1}=1000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Passband attenuation $A_{p}=0.1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Stopband attenuation $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{s}}=40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |  | 3 |
| b. | Explain the following terms with respect of finite word length effect in digital filters: (i) Coefficient quantization error, (ii)Quantization noise truncation and rounding | 10 | 3 |

6. Attempt any one part of the following:

| a. | Given two sequences $\mathrm{x}_{1}(\mathrm{n})=\{1,2,2\}$ and $\times 2(\mathrm{n})=\{1,2,3,4\}$. Determine <br> the circular convolution of $\times 1(\mathrm{n})$ and $\times 2(\mathrm{n})$ using: <br> i. $\quad$Graphical Method <br> ii. Stockholm's Method | 10 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b. | Compute IDFT of the sequence $\mathrm{X}(\mathrm{k})=\{7,-0.707-\mathrm{j} 0.707,-\mathrm{j}, 0.707-$ <br> $\mathrm{j} 0.707,1,0.707+\mathrm{j} 0.707, \mathrm{j},-0.707+\mathrm{j} 0.707\}$, using FFT Algorithm. | 10 | 4 |

7. Attempt any one part of the following:

| a. | Briefly explain the applications of MDSP: Sub band Coding of Speech <br> signals and Quadrature mirror filters with suitable diagram. | 10 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b. | Write the short note on: <br> (i) <br> (ii)$\quad$Recursive Least Square Algorithm <br> Window LMS Algorithm | 10 | 5 |

