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B TECH
(SEM-III) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2018-19
DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN

Time: 3 Hours**Max. Marks: 70**

Note: Be precise in your answer. In case of numerical problem assume data wherever not provided.

SECTION-A

- 1. Attempt all of the following questions: (2×7=14)**
- What is modulus of a counter?
 - How many flip flops are required to design Mod-5 Ring counter and Mod-5 Johnson counter?
 - Determine the value of base x, if : $(193)_x = (623)_8$
 - Write the advantage of Gray code over the straight binary number sequence.
 - What do you mean by fan-out and fan-in?
 - Define cyclic codes.
 - What is race around condition?

SECTION-B

- 2. Attempt any three of the following questions: (7×3 = 21)**
- Minimize the following Boolean function using K- map.
 $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum (3,4,5,7,9,13, 14,15)$
 - Minimize the following using Quine- McCluskey method:
 $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum (0,1, 9,15, 24, 29, 30) + \sum d (8, 11, 31)$
 - Write short notes on priority encoder.
 - Implement the following Boolean function :
 $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum (0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14, 15)$ using
 (i) 4:1 MUX
 (ii) 2:1 MUX
 - Design Binary code to Gray code converter.

SECTION – C

- 3. Attempt any one of the following questions: (7×1 = 7)**
- (i) Draw a BCD adder circuit and explain its working.
 (ii) Convert the SR Flip Flop to JK Flip Flop.
 - What do you mean by shift register? What is the need of shift register? Draw and explain bidirectional shift register.
- 4. Attempt any one of following questions: (7×1 = 7)**
- (i) Design a modulo-4 UP/DOWN counter using JK flip flop.
 (ii) Design a ripple decade counter using JK flip flop.
 - (i) What is critical race and non- critical race? How can they be avoided?
 (ii) Describe the hazards in digital circuits. How are these removed? Design a hazards free circuit of the following Boolean function:
 $F(A, B, C) = \sum m (1, 2, 3, 5)$
- 5. Attempt any one of following questions: (7×1 = 7)**
- (i) Describe the circuit and performance of CMOS inverter and state the characteristics of CMOS.
 (ii) Differentiate between PLA and PAL. Realize the full adder circuit using PAL.
 - (i) Discuss the concept of field programmable gate array (FPGA). Discuss the various structures of FPGA.
 (ii) Tabulate the truth table for 8×4 ROM that implements the Boolean function:
 $A(x, y, z) = \sum (1, 2, 4, 6)$
 $B(x, y, z) = \sum (0, 1, 6, 7)$
 $C(x, y, z) = \sum (2, 6)$
 $D(x, y, z) = \sum (1, 2, 3, 5, 7)$

6. Attempt any one of following questions:

(7×1= 7)

- (a) An asynchronous sequential logic circuit is described by the following excitation and output function

$$y = X_1X_2 + (X_1 + X_2) Y$$

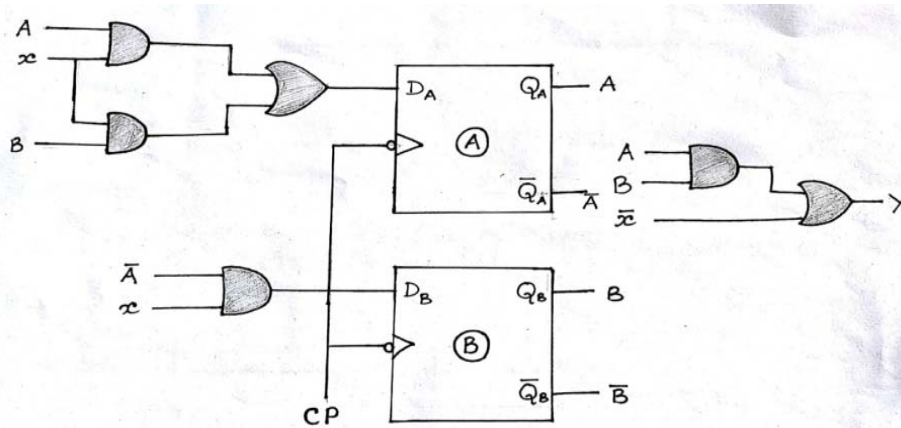
$$Z = y$$

- (i) Draw the logic diagram of the circuit.
 (ii) Derive the transition table and output map
 (iii) Describe the behavior of the circuit.
- (b) (i) The code 101101010 is received, correct any errors. There are four parity bits and odd parity is used.
 (ii) Draw a full subtractor circuit using NAND gate.

7. Attempt any one of following questions:

(7×1 = 7)

- (a) Drive the state table and state diagram for the Sequential circuit shown in fig,



- (b) Draw the reduced state table and reduced state diagram for the state table given below:

