Time: 3 Hours
Total Marks: 100
Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.
SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.
$2 \times 10=20$

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Distinguish between gauge pressure and absolute pressure. | 2 | 1 |
| b. | What do you mean by Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids? | 2 | 1 |
| c. | What is meta centric height? How is it determined? | 2 | 1 |
| d. | Define velocity potential function. | 2 | 2 |
| e. | Explain difference between Siphon and a Normal Tube. | 2 | 2 |
| f. | Differentiate between free and forced vortex | 2 | 3 |
| g. | Describe major and minor losses in pipes. | 2 | 3 |
| h. | Define the displacement thickness. | 2 | 4 |
| i. | What do you mean by 'Dimensional Analysis'? | 2 | 5 |
| j. | Explain bluff and streamlined body. | 2 | 5 |

## SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:
$3 \times 10=30$

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| a. | An oil tanker of $2.5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~m}$ square cross section is 4 m ling. Oil is filled upto a depth of 2 m . At what acceleration is the direction of its length the tanker be moved so that the corner A is exposed? What is then the net horizontal force acting on the tanker sides? Take sp.gr. of oil as 0.8 . | $\mid 10$ | 1. |
| b. | Calculate the stream function for the given data: <br> (i) Velocity components; $u=x=4 y$ and $v=-y-4 x$ <br> (ii) velocity potential function $\varnothing=4 x(3 y-4)$. | 10 | 2 |
| c. | Calculate the discharge of water flowing through a pipe of 30 cm diameter placed in an inclined position where a venturi meter is inserted, haying a throat diameter of 15 cm . The difference of pressure between the main and the throat is measured by a liquid of specific gravity 0.6 in an inverted U-tübe which gives a reading of 30 cm . The loss of head between the main and the throat is 0.2 times the kinetic head of the pipe. | 10 | 3 |
| d. | Derive the momentum thickness for velocity distribution on the boundary layer given below- $\frac{u}{v}=\frac{3}{2} \eta-\eta^{2}$ <br> Where $\dot{\eta}=\mathrm{y} / \delta$ | 10 | 4 |
| e. | The variables controlling the motion of floating vessel through water are the drag force F , the speed V , the length L , the density d , dynamic viscosity $\mu$ of water and acceleration due to gravity g . Determine the expression for F by dimensional analysis. | 10 | 5 |

## SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:
$1 \times 10=10$

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | A tank contains water up to the height of 5 m above the base. An immiscible <br> liquid of specific gravity 0.9 is filled on the top of the water up to 1 m height. <br> Calculate total pressure on one side of the tank and the position of center of <br> pressure | 10 | 1 |


| b. | Derive an expression for the depth of centre of pressure from free surface of a <br> liquid of an inclined plane surface submerged into the liquid | 10 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

4. Attempt any one part of the following:
$1 \times 10=10$

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Illustrate velocity potential and stream function. Show that 3 D continuity equation <br> for 3D flow in Cartesian coordinates is given by <br> $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}+\frac{\partial(\rho u)}{\partial x}+\frac{\partial(\rho v)}{\partial y}+\frac{\partial(\rho w)}{\partial z}=0$ | 10 | 2 |
| b. | The velocity potential function is given by an expression <br> $\emptyset=-\frac{x y^{3}}{3}-x^{2}+\frac{y x^{3}}{3}+y^{2}$ <br> (i) Find the velocity component in x and y direction. <br> (ii) Show that $\varnothing$ represent a possible case of flow. <br> iii) Find Stream function. | 10 | 2 |

5. Attempt any one part of the following:
$1 \times 10=10$

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Derive Euler's equation of motion. Also derive the Bernoalli's equation from Euler's <br> equation and mention the necessary assumptions for this equation. | 10 | 3 |
| b. | Describe: <br> (i) Stream-lined body and bluff body <br> (ii) Darcy-weisbach formula and chezy's formula <br> (iii) Equivalent pipe and compound pipe <br> (iv) Hydraulic gradient line and totat energy line <br> (v) Reynold's number and Euler's number. | 10 | 3 |

6. Attempt any one part of the following:
$1 \times 10=10$

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Illustrate Prandtl mixing length concept to describe the turbulence during the fluid <br> flows at high Reynold's number. | 10 | 4 |
| b. | A pipe carrying water has average height of roughness of 0.48 mm . The diameter of <br> pipe is 0.6 mm , lenth is 4.5 m . The discharge of water is is $0.6 \mathrm{~m} 3 /$ sec. Determine the <br> power required to maintain the flow if $\mu=10^{-3} \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{sec} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. <br> Use the relation $\quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{f}}}=2 \log _{10}\left(\frac{\mathrm{R}}{\mathrm{k}}\right)+1.74$ | 10 | 4 |

7. Attempt any one part of the following: $1 \times 10=10$

| Q no. | Question | Marks | CO |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Illustrate terminal velocity of the body. Also illustrate the drag on a sphere and on a <br> cylinder. | 10 | 5 |
| b. | Discuss geometric, kinematic and dynamic similarity. Are these equations obtainable? | 10 | 5 |

