Printed Pages:02

Time: 3 Hours

Paper Id: 231466

BTECH (SEM V) THEORY EXAMINATION 2022-23 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

- a. Determine the linear convolution of the sequences $x_1(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{1, 1, 2, 2\}$
- If $x(n) = \{4, -2, 4, -6\}$ find and sketch its odd and even parts with $-2 \le n \le 1$. b.
- c. Give the statement of Nyquist Sampling Theorem.
- With the help of block diagram illustrate the process of analog to digital conversion. d.
- Define the properties of convolution in an LTI system. e.
- f. Illustrate Twiddle factor and its two properties.
- Differentiate between FIR and IIR filters with example. g.
- h. Define frequency warping in Bilinear Transformation method for IIR filter.
- Illustrate the symmetry property and periodicity property of phase factor W_N used for FFT. i.
- Compute the DFTs of sequence $x(n) = cos(n\pi/2)$, where N=4, using DIF FFT algorithm. j.

ECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:

(i) Check whether the following discrete time system is static/dynamic, linear/Non-linear, a. Shift invariant/variant. $y(n)=e^{x(n)}$

(ii)Check the stability of filter for $H(Z) = \frac{Z^2 - Z + 1}{Z^2 - Z + 1}$

- b. Explain discrete time processing of continuous time signal with the help of block diagram.
- Determine the impulse response for the system given by following difference equation. c.

$$y(n) = x(n) + 3x(n-1) - 4x(n-2) + 2x(n-3)$$

Explain IIR filter design by bilinear transformation technique. Convert the analog filter into a d. digital filter whose system function is

$$H(s) = \frac{S + 0.2}{(S + 0.2)^2 + 9}$$

Use the impulse invariant technique. Assume T=1 Sec.

Differentiate between Wavelet Transform and Fourier Transform and also give the e. applications of Wavelet cosine transform.

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Sub Code:KEE-057

Total Marks: 100

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

 $10 \ge 3 = 30$

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

a. (i) Consider a LTI system with unit sample response.

$$h(n) = a^n \qquad n \ge 0, \qquad |\mathbf{a}| < 1$$
$$0 \qquad n < 0$$

Find the response to an input of x(n) = U(n) - U(n - N)

(ii) Check whether the following system is linear& time invariant.

$$F[x(n)] = a[x(n)]^2 + bx(n)$$

b. Explain any two IIR filter realization methods with suitable example.

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

- a. Derive the expression for sampling theorem and also explain Aliasing.
- b. Explain multirate signal processing in detail.

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

a. Compute circular convolution of the following using graphical method and verify the result using DFT and IDFT.

$$x_1(n) = \begin{bmatrix} 1, 2, 3, 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $x_2(n) = \begin{bmatrix} 1, 1, 2, 2 \end{bmatrix}$

b. Determine the magnitude & phase responses for the system characterized by the difference equation

$$y(n) + \frac{1}{2}y(n-1) = x(n) - x(n-1)$$

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

a. A low pass filter is to be designed with following desired frequency response.

$$h_{d}(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-j2\omega}, \quad -\frac{\pi}{4} \le \omega \le \frac{\pi}{4}$$
$$0 \qquad \qquad \frac{\pi}{4} < |\omega| \le \pi$$

Determine the filter coefficients $h_d(n)$ if the window function is defined as.

$$w(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le n \le 4\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Also determine the frequency response $H(e^{i\omega})$ of the designed filter.

b. Determine H(z) for a Butterworth filter satisfying the following constraints

$$\sqrt{0.5} \le |H(e^{j\omega})| \le 1 \qquad 0 \le \omega \le \pi/2 |H(e^{j\omega})| \le 0.2 \qquad 3\pi/4 \le \omega \le \pi$$

With T=1 sec. Apply impulse invariant transformation method.

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

- a. Draw the flow graph for the implementation of 8-point DIT FFT of the following sequence $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$
- b. Explain radix-2 DIT-FFT algorithm. Compare it with DIF-FFT algorithm.

 $10 \ge 1 = 10$

 $10 \ge 1 = 10$

 $10 \ge 10 = 10$

 $10 \ge 1 = 10$